

Photoelectrics Level Sensors Type VP, Unmodulated

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- Sensor for liquid level detection
- Built-in amplifier, Ga-As diode
- Output: Transistor NPN/PNP or SCR, NO or NC
- High chemical resistance to most acids and bases
- VP01/03: Output OFF when sensor in liquid
- VP02/04: Output ON when sensor in liquid
- No electrical or thermal connection between liquid and electrical circuit
- DC types: LED-indication for output ON
- Power supply: DC types: 10 to 40 VDC
AC types: 110 or 230 VAC



Product Description

Optical level sensor with unmodulated, infrared light for the detection of liquids. Fitted with built-in amplifier. Transmitter and receiver are completely self-contained in solid plastic housing designed for mounting into

container wall. VP01/02 are available in a Polysulphone housing resistant to most acids and bases. VP03/04 are available in a Polyamide 12 housing resistant to various solvents.

Ordering Key

VP 0 3 E P

Type _____
Housing _____
Output status _____
Output type _____
PNP output _____

Type Selection - DC Types

Housing material	Ordering no. Transistor NPN Make switching	Ordering no. Transistor NPN Break switching	Ordering no. Transistor PNP Make switching	Ordering no. Transistor PNP Break switching
Polysulphone	VP 02 E	VP 01 E	VP 02 EP	VP 01 EP
Polyamide 12	VP 04 E	VP 03 E	VP 04 EP	VP 03 EP

Type Selection - AC Types

Housing material	Ordering no. Make switching 110 VAC	Ordering no. Break switching 110 VAC	Ordering no. Make switching 230 VAC	Ordering no. Break switching 230 VAC
Polysulphone	VP 02-110TB	VP 01-110TB	VP 02-230TB	VP 01-230TB

Specifications

	Transistor NPN/PNP	SCR output AC types
Rated operational voltage	10 - 40 VDC	110 VAC: 100 - 121 VAC, 45 - 60 Hz 230 VAC: 195 - 265 VAC, 45 - 60 Hz
Rated operational current Continuous	200 mA	10 - 100 mA
Voltage drop	≤ 1.0 VDC	≤ 9.0 VAC
No-load supply current	≤ 12 mA	≤ 7 mA
Sensing accuracy Liquid level difference	Horizontal mounting: ± 5 mm Vertical mounting: ± 2.5 mm	Horizontal mounting: ± 5 mm Vertical mounting: ± 2.5 mm
Ambient light	0 - 100 lux	0 - 100 lux
Frequency of operating cycles (f)	30 Hz	5 Hz



Specifications (cont.)

	Transistor NPN/PNP	SCR output AC types
Environment		
Degree of protection	IP 67	IP 67
Operating temperature	-20° to +80°C (-4° to +176°F)	-20° to +80°C (-4° to +176°F)
Storage temperature	-40° to +100°C (-40° to +212°F)	-40° to +100°C (-40° to +212°F)
Indication for output status	LED, yellow	
Housing and tip material		
VP01/02	Polysulphone	Polysulphone
VP03/04	Polyamide 12	
Weight	90 g	90 g
Connection	Cable (PVC), 2 m Ø4,1 mm, 3 x 0,25 mm2	Cable (PVC), 2 m Ø5,2 mm, 2 x 0,5 mm2
Pressure	10 bar at + 60°C	10 bar at + 60°C
Pipe thread	3/8" PT	3/8" PT
CE-marking	Yes	Yes

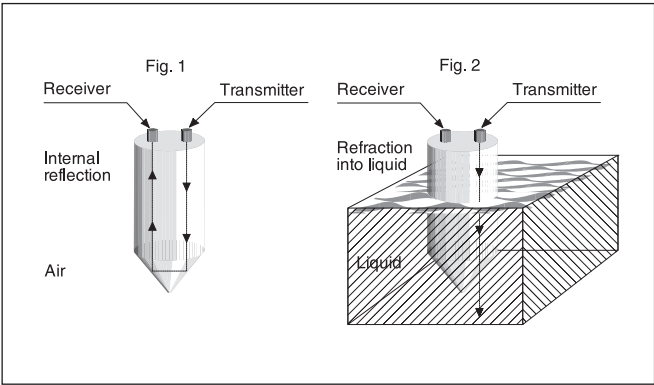
Mode of Operation

The sensor contains IR transmitter, receiver and amplifier with transistor or SCR output. The light source is a Ga-As diode emitting infrared light.

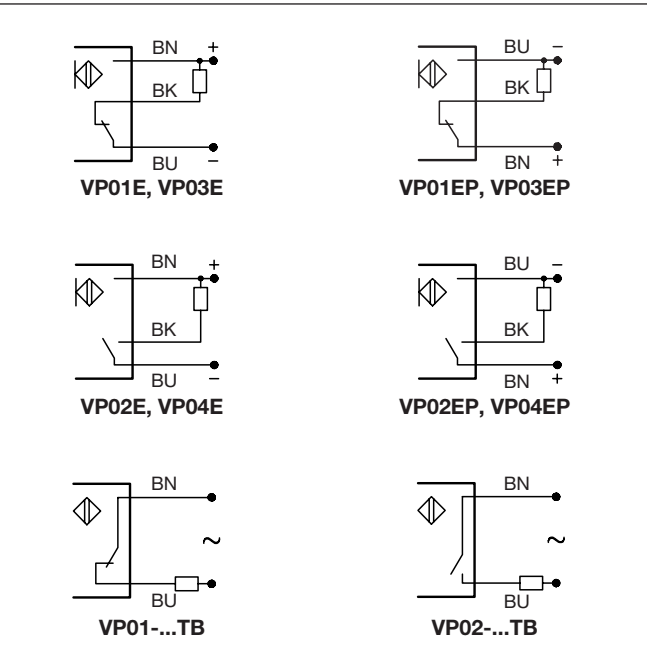
The conical tip of the sensor forms an angle of 90°C. This angle acts as a prism, i.e. the beam, emitted from the Ga-As diode placed in one side of the sensor head, is reflected internally to the phototransistor placed in the other side of the sensor

head, provided that the tip of the sensor is situated in free air. If the sensor tip is immersed in a liquid, always having a refractive index different from air, the beam will not be refracted by the prism and the photo transistor will not receive any signal.

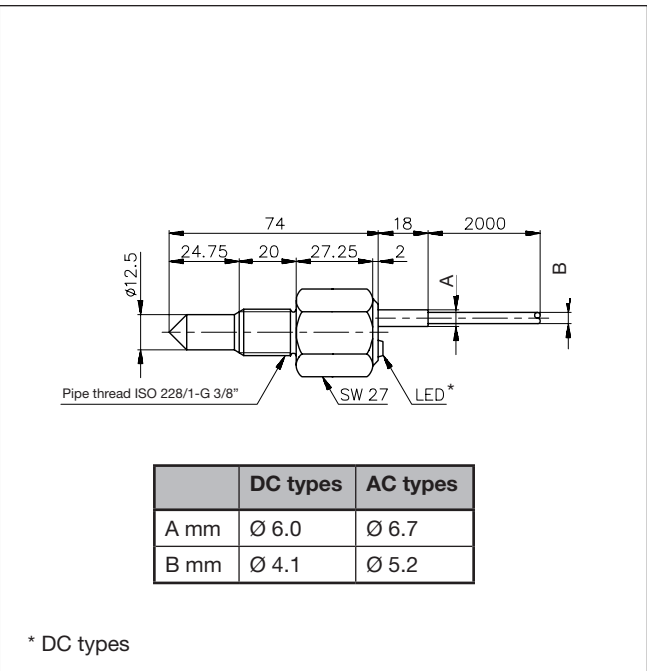
The sensor types can operate in oil, waste water, aqueous solutions such as beer, wine, alcohol etc. without any kind of accessory.



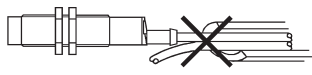
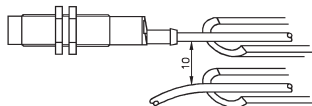
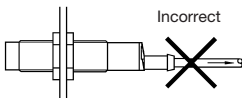
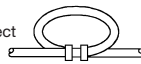
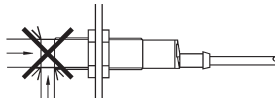
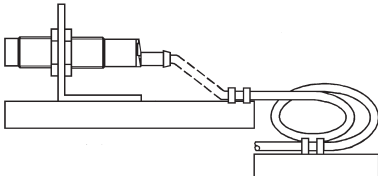
Wiring Diagrams



Dimensions



Installation Hints

To avoid interference from inductive voltage/current peaks, separate the prox. switch power cables from any other power cables, e.g. motor, contactor or solenoid cables  	Relief of cable strain Incorrect  Correct  The cable should not be pulled	Protection of the sensing face  A proximity switch should not serve as mechanical stop	Switch mounted on mobile carrier  Any repetitive flexing of the cable should be avoided
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