

Silicon Carbide Power MOSFET N-Channel Enhancement Mode

Features

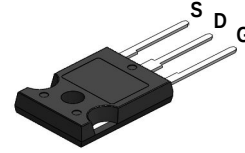
- High Blocking Voltage with Low On-Resistance
- High Speed Switching with Low Capacitances
- Easy to Parallel and Simple to Drive
- Avalanche Ruggedness
- Resistant to Latch-Up
- Halogen Free, RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

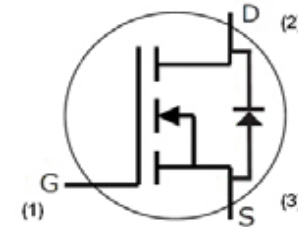
- Solar inverters
- Switch Mode Power Supplies
- High Voltage DC/DC converters
- LED Lighting Power Supplies

Benefits

- Higher system efficiency
- Reduce cooling requirements
- Increase power density
- Increase system switching frequency



T0-247-3



ORDERING INFORMATION

HT19N1200ADZ

$T_A = -55^\circ \text{ to } 150^\circ \text{ C}$ for all packages

Key Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Conditions	Note
Drain - Source Voltage	V_{DS}			1200	V	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
Maximum Gate - Source Voltage	$V_{GS(max)}$	-10		+25		Transient	
Operational Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS op}$		-5/20			Static	Note 1
DC Continuous Drain Current	I_D			19	A	$V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 19 Note 2
				12		$V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}, T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}			40		t_{pmax} limited by T_{Jmax} $V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 22
Power Dissipation	P_D			125	W	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 20
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{stg}			-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$		
Solder Temperature	T_L			260		According to JEDEC J-STD-020	
Mounting Torque	M_D			1 8.8	Nm lbf-in	M3 or 6-32 screw	

Note (1): Recommended turn-on gate voltage is 20V with $\pm 5\%$ regulation tolerance, see Application Note PRD-04814 for additional details

Note (2): Verified by design

Electrical Characteristics ($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	Fig. 11
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	2.9	4		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 2.5\text{ mA}$	
		—	2.4	—		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 2.5\text{ mA}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	—	1	100	μA	$V_{DS} = 1200\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	—	—	250	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	—	160	196	m Ω	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$	Fig. 4, 5, 6
		—	290	—		$V_{GS} = 25\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	—	3.8	—	S	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_{DS} = 10\text{ A}$	Fig. 7
			5.3			$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_{DS} = 10\text{ A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	—	606	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 1000\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$	Fig. 17, 18
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	—	55	—			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	—	5	—			
C_{oss} Stored Energy	E_{oss}	—	28	—	μJ		Fig. 16
Avalanche Energy, Single Pluse	E_{AS}	—	600	—	mJ	$I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$	Fig. 29
Turn-On Switching Energy	E_{on}	—	121	—	μJ	$V_{DS} = 800\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -5/20\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A},$ $R_{G(ext)} = 2.5\text{ }\Omega, L = 434\text{ }\mu\text{H}$	Fig. 26
Turn Off Switching Energy	E_{off}	—	48	—			
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	—	7	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -5/20\text{ V},$ $I_D = 10\text{ A},$ $R_{G(ext)} = 2.5\text{ }\Omega, R_L = 80\text{ }\Omega$ Timing relative to V_{DS} Per IEC60747-8-4 pg 83	Fig. 27
Rise Time	t_r	—	9	—			
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	—	13	—			
Fall Time	t_f	—	14	—			
Internal Gate Resistance	$R_{G(int)}$	—	6.5	—	Ω	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$	
Gate to Source Charge	Q_{gs}	—	11	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 800\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -5/20\text{ V}$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}$ Per IEC60747-8-4 pg 21	Fig. 12
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{gd}	—	17	—			
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	—	40	—			

Reverse Diode Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	3.9	—	V	$V_{GS} = -5\text{ V}, I_F = 5\text{ A}$	Fig. 8, 9, 10
		3.5	—		$V_{GS} = -5\text{ V}, I_F = 5\text{ A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Continuous Diode Forward Current ¹	I_S	—	25	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
Reverse Recovery Time ¹	t_{rr}	20	—	ns	$V_{GS} = -5\text{ V}, I_{SD} = 10\text{ A}, V_R = 800\text{ V}$ $di_F/dt = 2400\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	
Reverse Recovery Charge ¹	Q_{rr}	192	—	nC		
Peak Reverse Recovery Current ¹	I_{RRM}	16	—	A		

Note:

¹When using SiC Body Diode the maximum recommended $V_{GS} = -5\text{ V}$

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.9	1.0	K/W		Fig. 21
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$		40			

Typical Performance

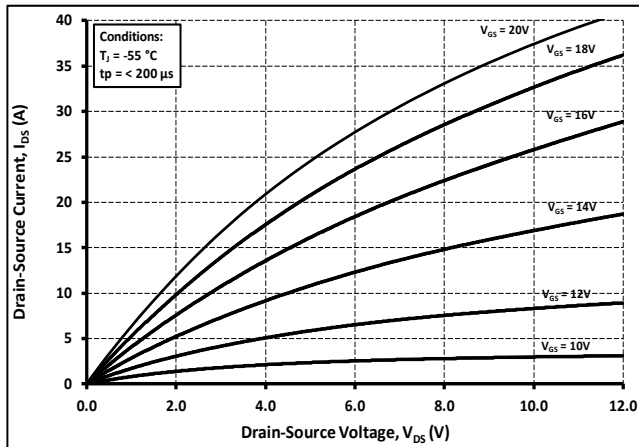


Figure 1. Output Characteristics $T_j = -55^\circ\text{C}$

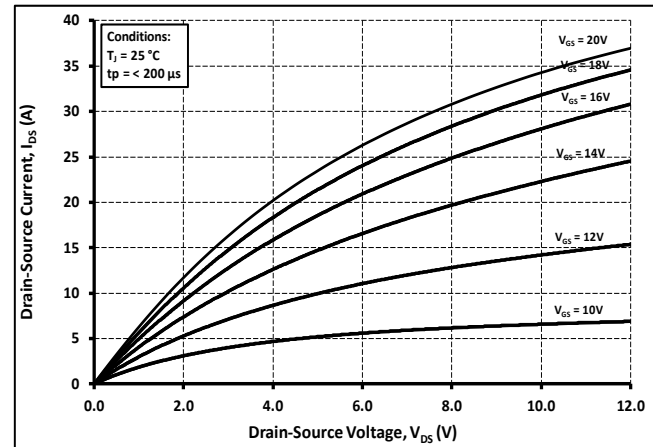


Figure 2. Output Characteristics $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

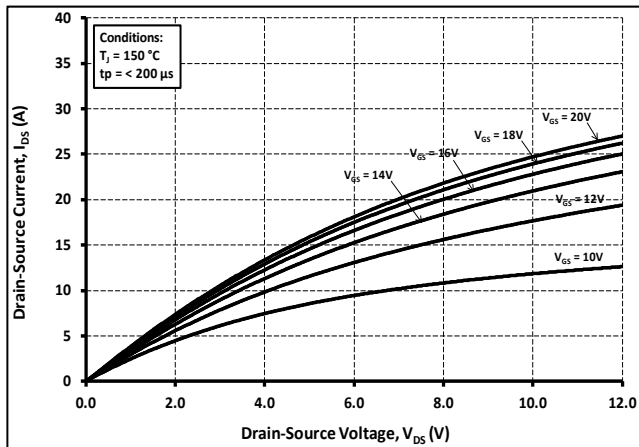


Figure 3. Output Characteristics $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

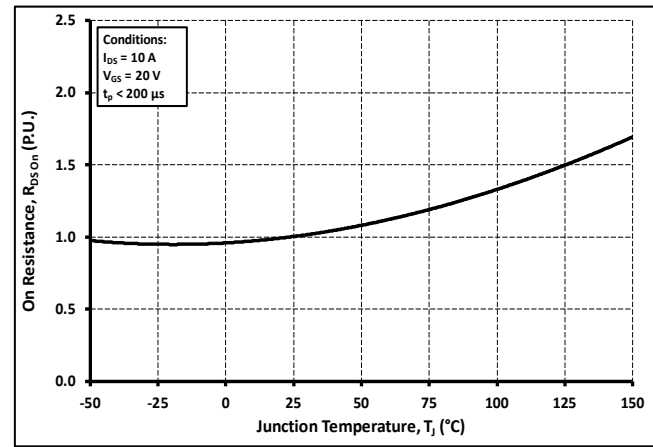
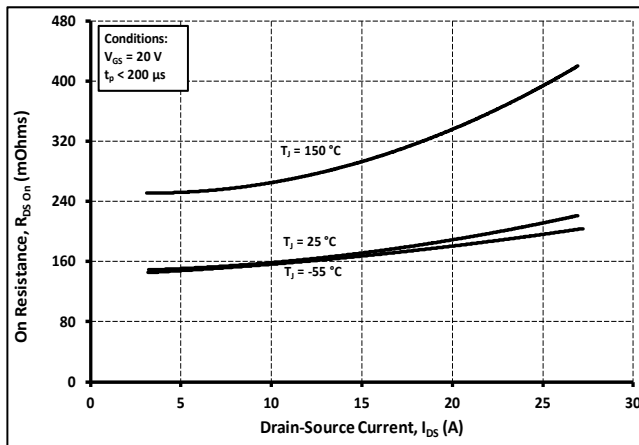
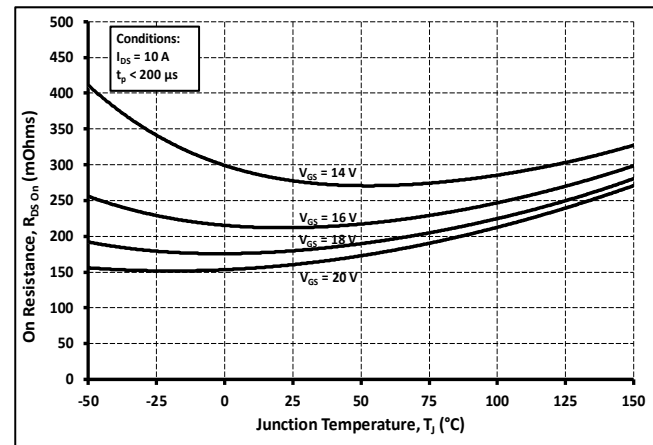


Figure 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



For Various Temperatures



For Various Gate Voltage

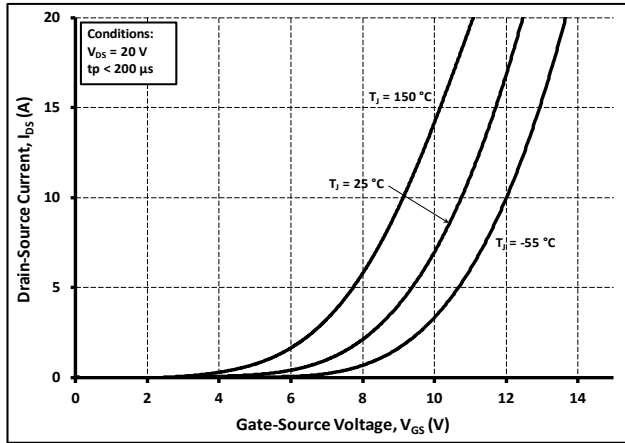


Figure 7. Transfer Characteristic for Various Junction Temperatures

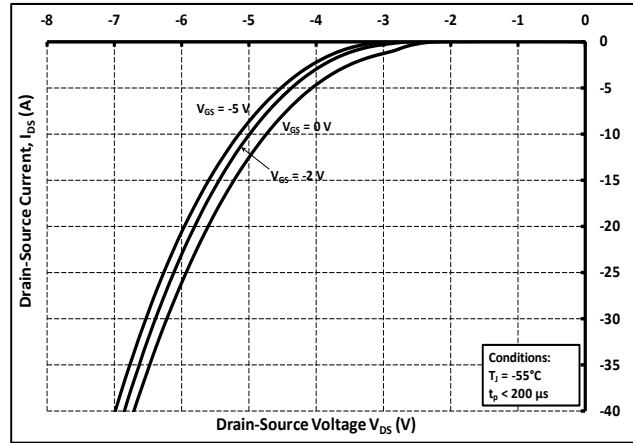


Figure 8. Body Diode Characteristic at -55 °C

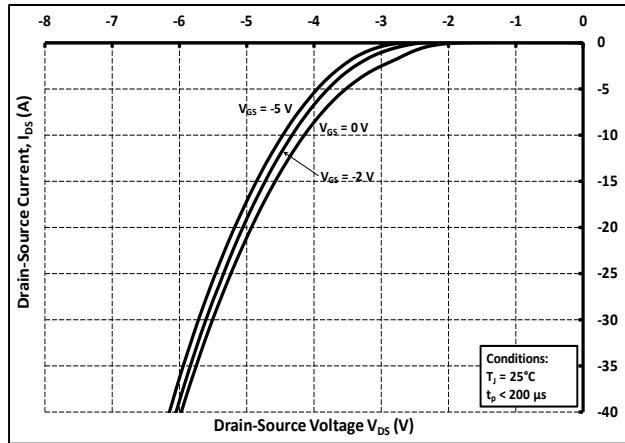


Figure 9. Body Diode Characteristic at 25 °C

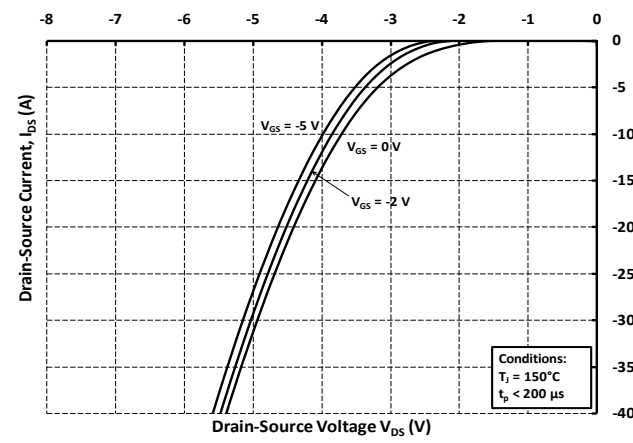


Figure 10. Body Diode Characteristic at 150 °C

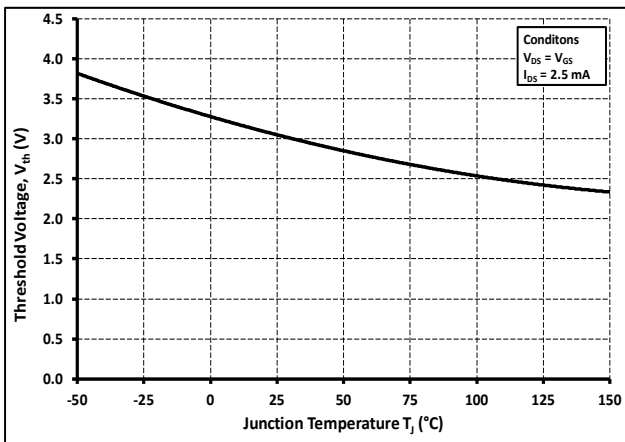


Figure 11. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

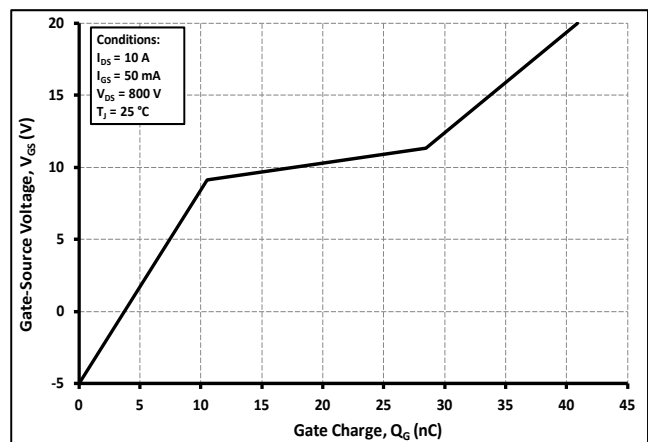
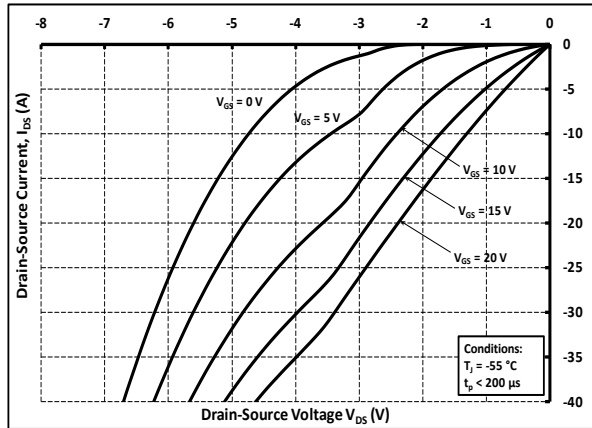
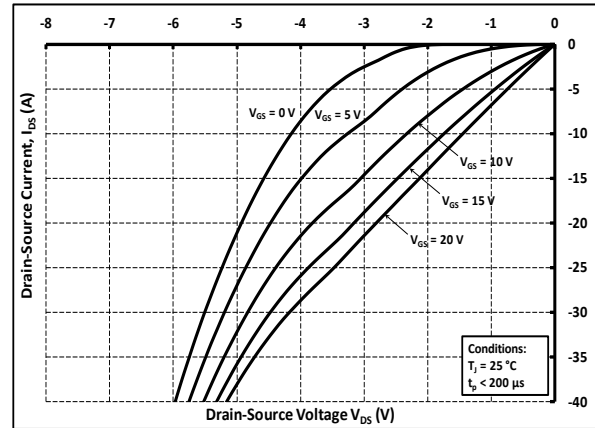
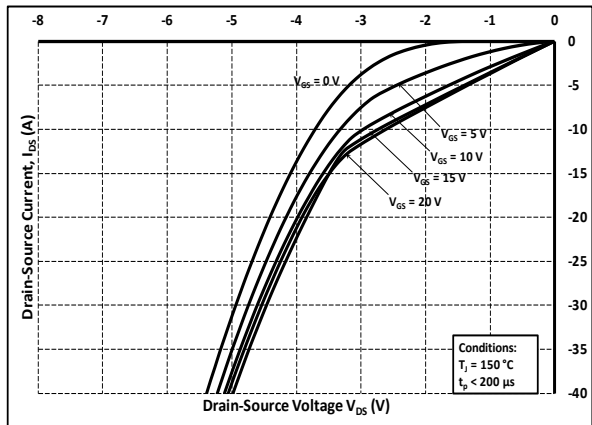
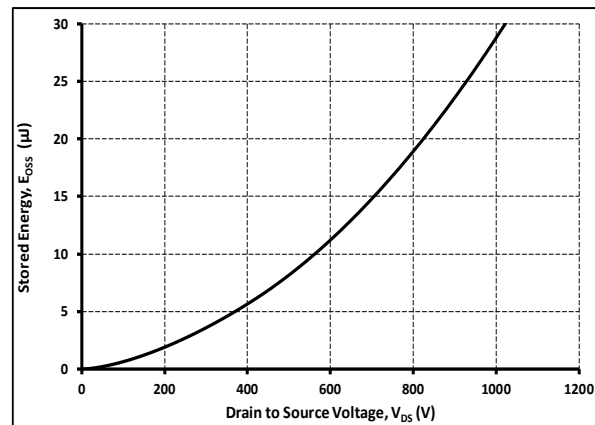
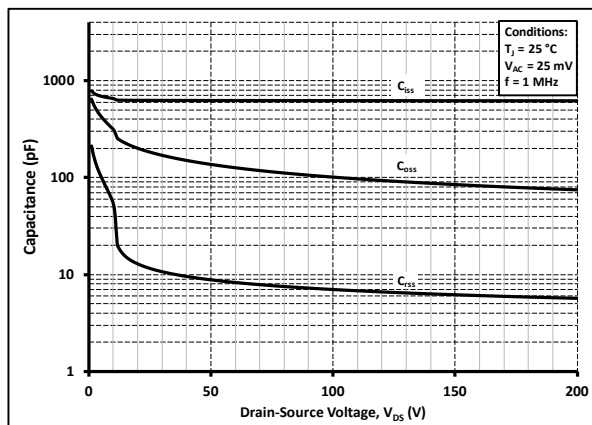
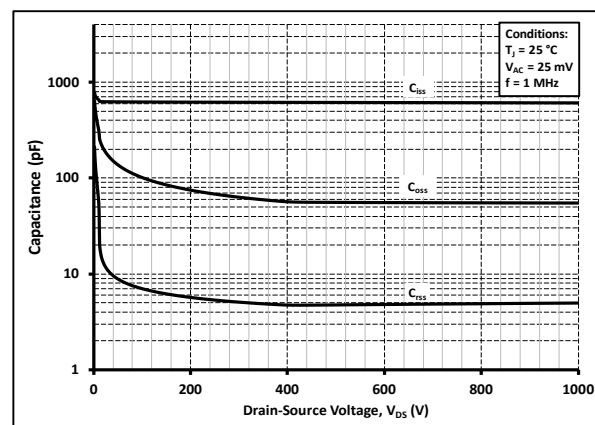


Figure 12. Gate Charge Characteristics

Typical Performance

Figure 13. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at -55°C

Figure 14. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at 25°C

Figure 15. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at 150°C

Figure 16. Output Capacitor Stored Energy

Figure 17. Capacitances vs. Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 200V)

Figure 18. Capacitances vs. Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 1000V)

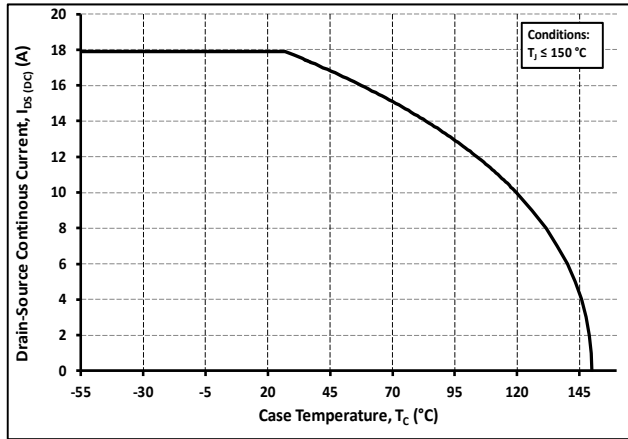
Typical Performance


Figure 19. Continuous Drain Current Derating vs. Case Temperature

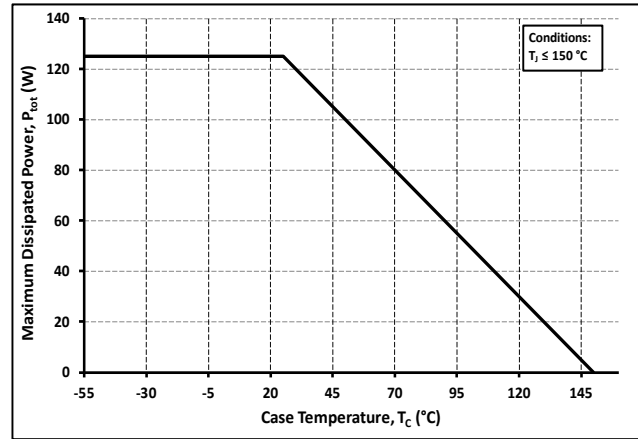


Figure 20. Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature

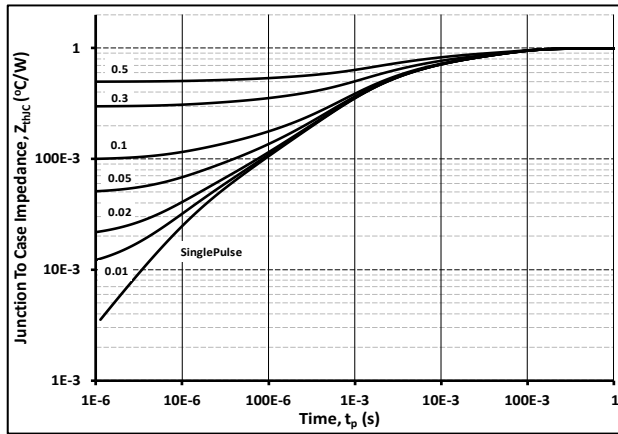


Figure 21. Transient Thermal Impedance (Junction - Case)

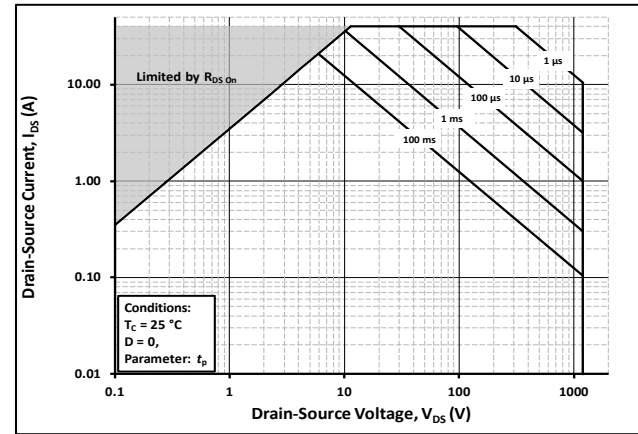


Figure 22. Safe Operating Area

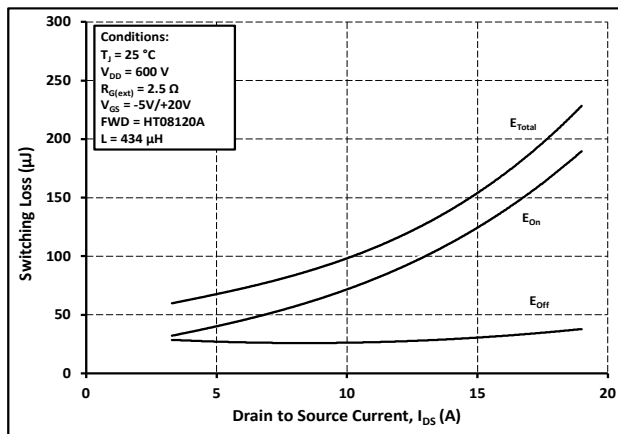


Figure 23. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current ($V_{DD} = 600\text{ V}$)

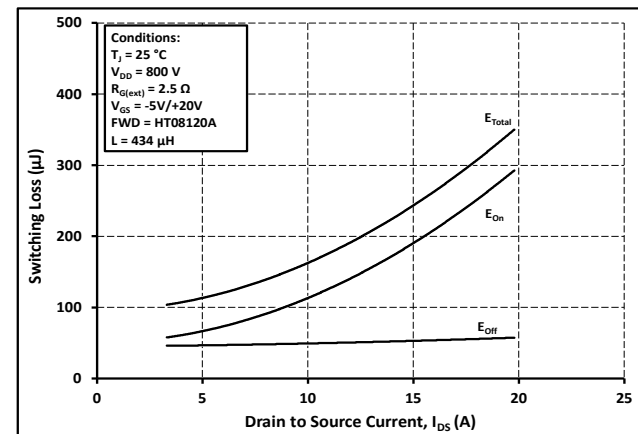
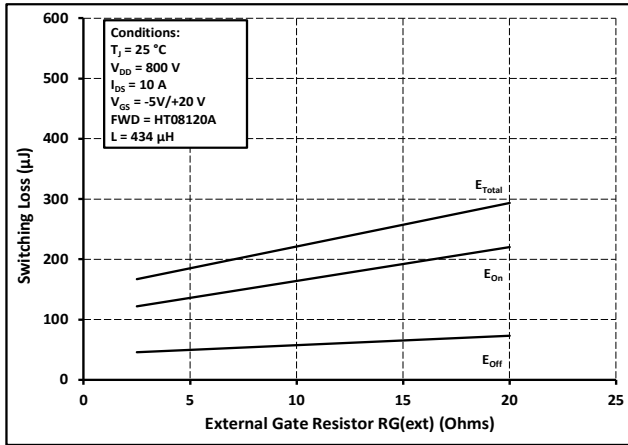
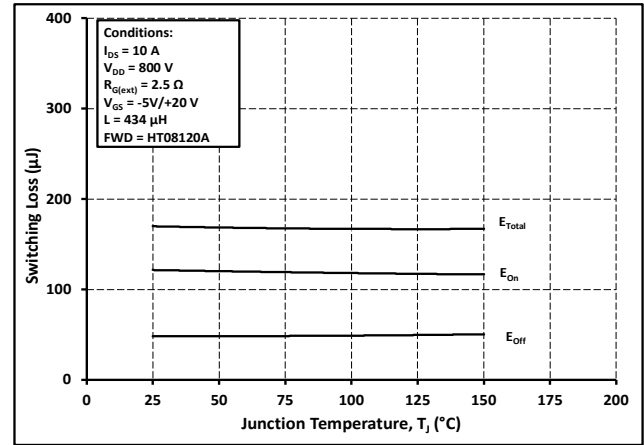
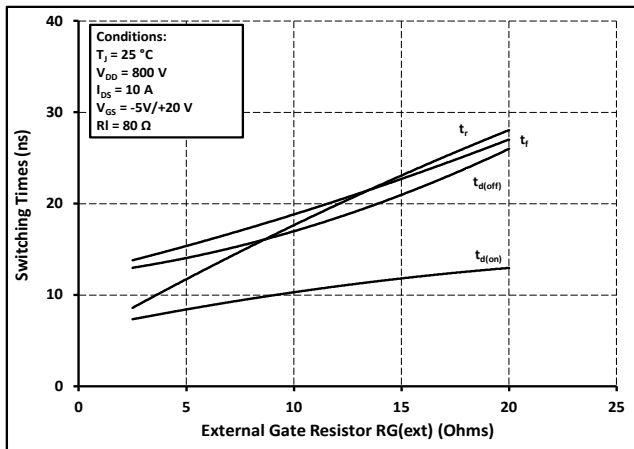
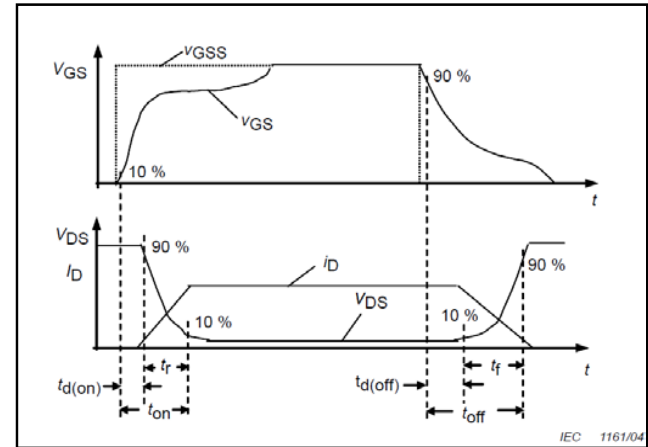
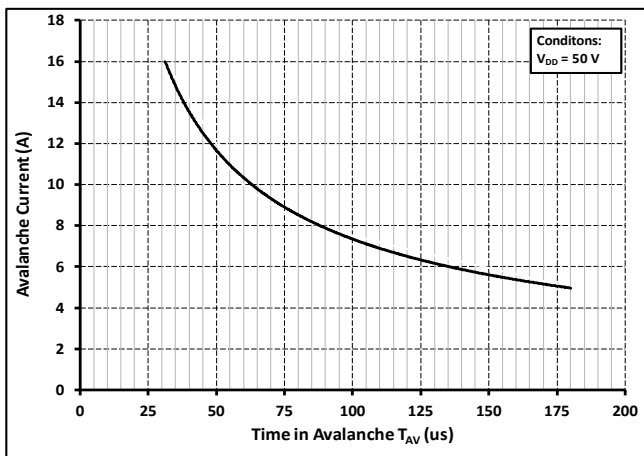


Figure 24. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current ($V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$)

Typical Performance

Figure 25. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. $R_{G(\text{ext})}$

Figure 26. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Temperature

Figure 27. Switching Times vs. $R_{G(\text{ext})}$

Figure 28. Switching Times Definition

Figure 29. Single Avalanche SOA curve

Test Circuit Schematic¹

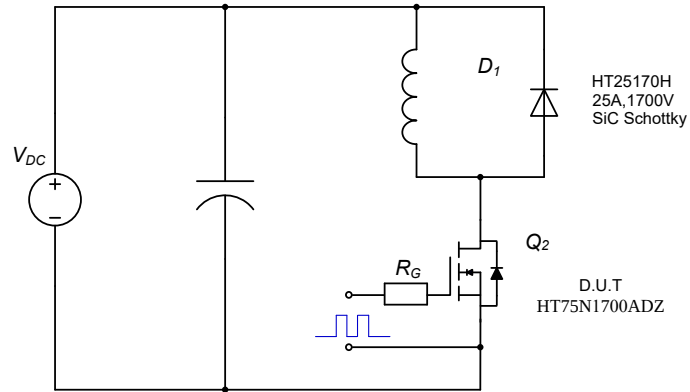


Figure 30. Clamped Inductive Switching Waveform Test Circuit

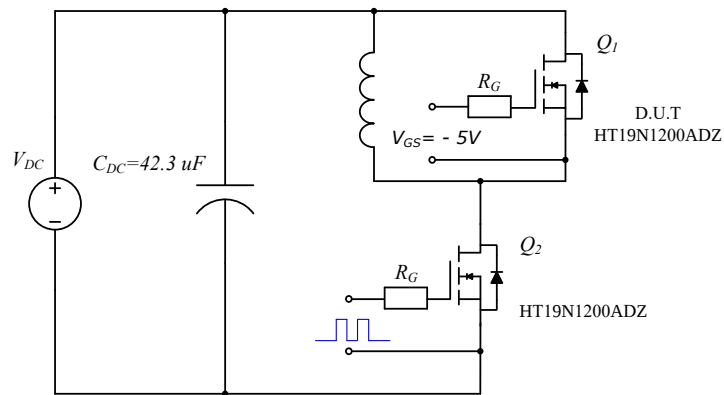
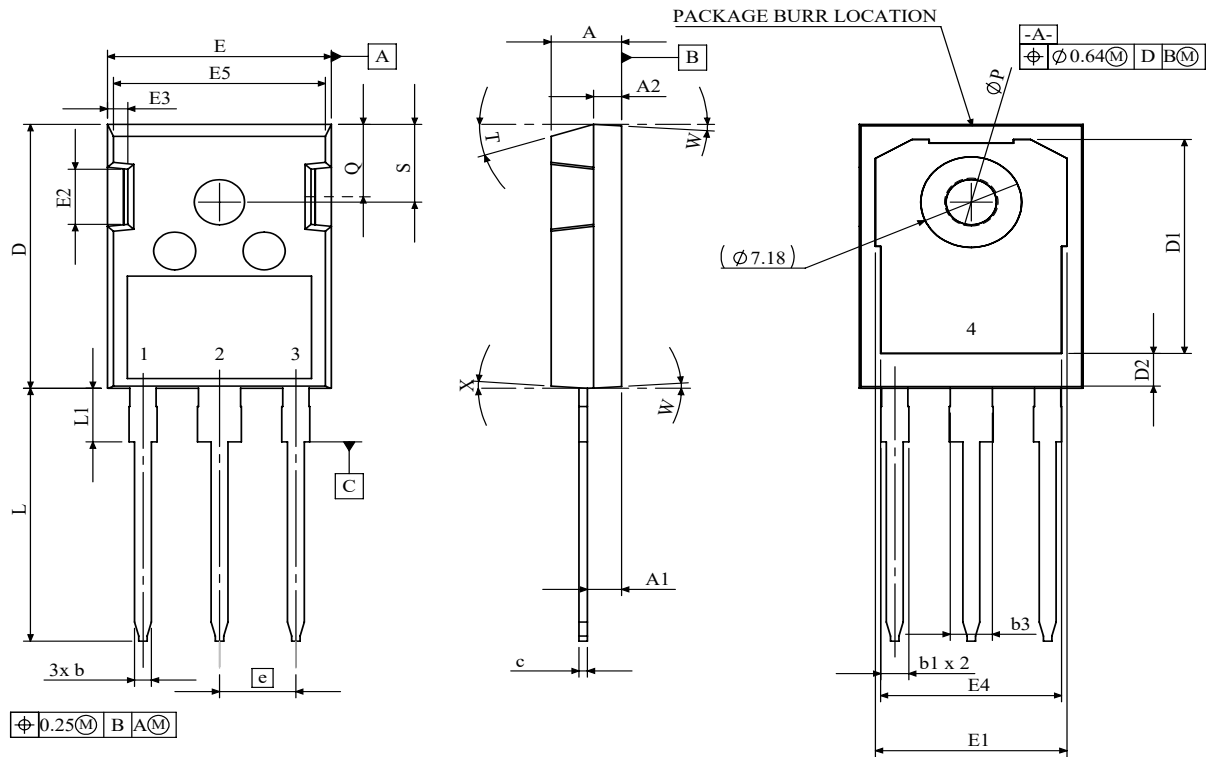


Figure 31. Body Diode Recovery Test Circuit

Note:

¹ Turn-off and Turn-on switching energy and timing values measured using SiC MOSFET Body Diode as shown above.

Package Dimensions - TO-247-3L


SYMBOL	MIN (mm)	MAX (mm)
A	4.83	5.21
A1	2.27	2.52
A2	1.91	2.16
b	1.07	1.33
b1	1.91	2.41
b3	2.87	3.38
c	0.55	0.74
D	20.75	21.05
D1	16	17.4
D2	2.86	3.26
E	15.75	16.13
E1	13.5	14.55
E2	3.68	5.1
E3	1	1.9
E4	12.38	13.43
E5	14.65	15.05
e	5.44 BSC	
L	19.73	20.48
L1	3.97	4.69
ØP	3.18	4.06
Q	5.42	5.96
S	5.85	6.49
T	17.5° REF.	
W	3.5° REF.	
X	4° REF.	

1	GATE
2	DRAIN
3	SOURCE
4	DRAIN

NOTES:

- ALL METAL SURFACES ARE TIN PLATED (MATTE), EXCEPT AREA OF CUT.
- DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE LISTED IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- BURR OR MOLD FLASH SIZE (0.5 mm) IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE DIMENSIONS

Recommended Solder Pad Layout

