

6.5MHz, 585µA, Rail-to-Rail I/O CMOS Operational Amplifier

FEATURES

LOW OFFSET: 5mV (max)

LOW IB: 10pA (max)

HIGH BANDWIDTH: 6.5MHz

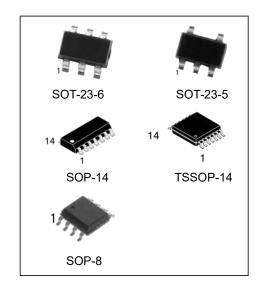
RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT AND OUTPUT

SINGLE SUPPLY: +2.3V to +5.5V

SHUTDOWN: HXAx373

SPECIFIED UP TO +125°C

MicroSIZE PACKAGES: SOT-23-5, SOT-23-6, and SOP-8



Ordering Information

DEVICE	Package Type	MARKING	Packing	Packing Qty
HXA373AIDBVRG	SOT-23-6	A373/A75	REEL	3000pcs/reel
HXA373AIDRG	SOP-8	A373A	REEL	2500pcs/reel
HXA373AIDRG4	SOP-8	A373A	REEL	4000pcs/reel
HXA2373AIDGKRG	MSOP-10	A2373	REEL	3000pcs/reel
HXA374AIDBVRG	SOT-23-5	A374A/A76	REEL	3000pcs/reel
HXA374AIDRG	SOP-8	A374A	REEL	2500pcs/reel
HXA374AIDRG4	SOP-8	A374A	REEL	4000pcs/reel
HXA2374AIDBVRG	SOT-23-8	A2374A/ATP	REEL	3000pcs/reel
HXA2374AIDRG	SOP-8	A2374A	REEL	2500pcs/reel
HXA2374AIDRG4	SOP-8	A2374A	REEL	4000pcs/reel
HXA2374AIDGKRG	MSOP-8	A2374A	REEL	3000pcs/reel
HXA4374AIDRG	SOP-14	HXA4374A	REEL	2500pcs/reel
HXA4374AIDRG4	SOP-14	HXA4374A	REEL	4000pcs/reel
HXA4374AIPWRG	TSSOP-14	A4374A	REEL	2500pcs/reel



DESCRIPTION

The HXA373A and HXA373 families of operational amplifiers are low power and low cost with excellent bandwidth (6.5MHz) and slew rate (5V/µs). The input range extends 200mV beyond the rails and the output range is within 25mV of the rails. Their speed/power ratio and small size make them ideal for portable and battery-powered applications.

The HXA373A family includes a shutdown mode. Under logic control, the amplifiers can be switched from normal operation to a standby current that is less than 1µA.

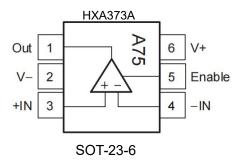
The HXA373A and HXA373 families of operational amplifiers are specified for single or dual power supplies of +2.7V to +5.5V, with operation from +2.3V to +5.5V. All models are specified for -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C.

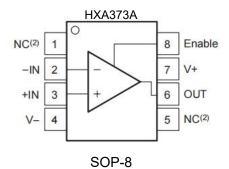
APPLICATIONS

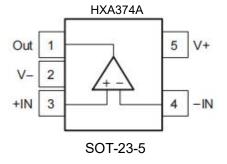
- Portable Equipment
- Battery-Powered Devices
- Active Filters
- Driving A/D Converters

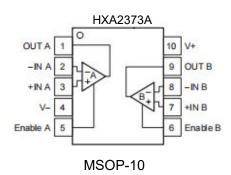


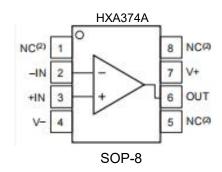
PIN ASSIGNMENT

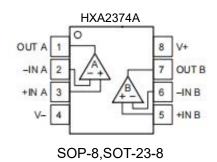


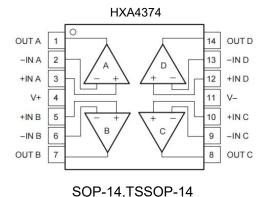












(1)Pin 1 of the SOT23-6 is determined by orienting the package marking as shown.

(2)NC indicates no internal connection.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Condition	Min	Max	UNITS
Supply Voltage	-	+7.0	V
Signal Input Terminals,Voltage ⁽²⁾	-0.5	+0.5	V
Signal Input Terminals,Current ⁽²⁾	-10	+10	mA
Output Short-Circuit ⁽³⁾	Conti	nuous	
Operating Temperature	-55	+150	$^{\circ}$
Storage Temperature	-65	+150	$^{\circ}$
Junction Temperature	-	+150	$^{\circ}$
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	-	245	$^{\circ}$

⁽¹⁾ Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.

⁽²⁾ Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.

⁽³⁾ Short-circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: VS = +2.7V to +5.5V

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, TA = -40°C to +125°C.

At TA = +25°C, RL = 10k Ω connected to VS/2, and V_{OUT} = VS/2, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS		, HXA2373 2374, HXA	, HXA373, 4374	
TAVAMETER		Constituent	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OFFSET VOLTAGE						
Input Offset Voltage	vos	VS = 5V		1	5	mV
over Temperature					6.5	mV
Drift	dVOS/dT			3		μV/°C
vs Power Supply	PSRR	VS = 2.7V to 5.5V, VCM < (V+) - 2V		25	100	μV/V
over Temperature		VS = 2.7V to 5.5V, VCM < (V+) - 2V			150	μV/V
Channel Separation, DC				0.4		μV/V
f = 1kHz				128		dB
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE						
Common-Mode Voltage Range	VCM		(V-)-0.2		(V+) + 0.2	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	(V-) - 0.2V < CVM < (V+) - 2V	80	90		dB
over Temperature		(V-) - 0.2V < VCM < (V+) - 2V	70			dB
		VS=5.5V, (V-)-0.2V <cvm<(v+)+ 0.2v<="" td=""><td>66</td><td></td><td></td><td>dB</td></cvm<(v+)+>	66			dB
over Temperature		VS=5.5V, (V-)-0.2V <vcm< (v+)+0.2v<="" td=""><td>60</td><td></td><td></td><td>dB</td></vcm<>	60			dB
INPUT BIAS CURRENT						
Input Bias Current	IB			±0.5	±10	pА
Input Offset Current	IOS			±0.5	±10	pА
INPUT IMPEDANCE						
Differential				10 ¹³ 3		Ω pF
Common-Mode				10 ¹³ 6		Ω pF
NOISE		VCM < (V+) - 2V				
Input Voltage Noise,				40		
f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz				10		μVPF
Input Voltage Noise Density,	on			15		nV/
f = 10kHz	en			15		√Hz
Input Current Noise Density,	in			4		fA/√H
f = 10kHz	111			4		z
OPEN-LOOP GAIN						
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	AOL	VS=5V, RL=100kΩ,0.025V <vo<4.975v< td=""><td>94</td><td>110</td><td></td><td>dB</td></vo<4.975v<>	94	110		dB
over Temperature		VS=5V, RL=100kΩ,0.025V <vo<4.975v< td=""><td>80</td><td></td><td></td><td>dB</td></vo<4.975v<>	80			dB
		VS=5V, RL=5kΩ,0.025V <vo<4.875v< td=""><td>94</td><td>106</td><td></td><td>dB</td></vo<4.875v<>	94	106		dB
over Temperature		VS=5V, RL=5kΩ,0.025V <vo<4.875v< td=""><td>80</td><td></td><td></td><td>dB</td></vo<4.875v<>	80			dB
OUTPUT						
Voltage Output Swing from Rail		$RL = 100k\Omega$		18	25	mV
over Temperature		$RL = 100k\Omega$			25	mV
		$RL = 5k\Omega$		100	125	mV
over Temperature		$RL = 5k\Omega$			125	mV
Short-Circuit Current	ISC		See Typ	ical Chara	cteristics	
Capacitive Load Drive	C _{LOAD}		Soo Tur	oical Chara	cteristics	
Open-Loop Output Impedance		f = 1MHz, I _O = 0	See Typ	noai Olialai		Ω
Opon Loop Output impedance		1 - 11VII 12, 10 - 0		220		**



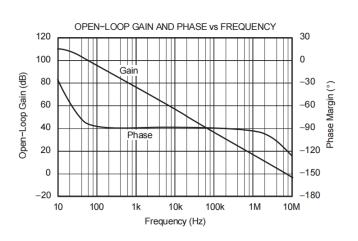
HXA373A/HXA2373 HXA373/HXA2374/HXA4374

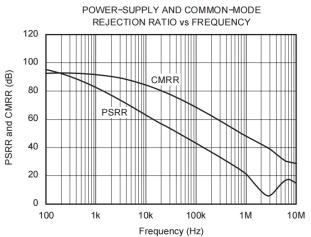
FREQUENCY RESPONSE		CL = 100pF				
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW			6.5		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1		5		V/µs
Settling Time, 0.1%	tS	VS = 5V, 2V Step, G = +1		1		μs
0.01%		VS = 5V, 2V Step, G = +1		1.5		μs
Overload Recovery Time		VIN∙Gain > VS		0.3		μs
Total Harmonic Distortion+Noise	THD+N	VS = 5V, VO = 3VPP, G = +1, f = 1kHz		0.0013		%
ENABLE/SHUTDOWN						
tOFF				3		μs
tON				12		μs
VL (shutdown)			V-		(V-)+0.8	V
VH (amplifier is active)			(V-) + 2		V+	V
Input Bias Current of Enable Pin				0.2		μA
IQSD (per amplifier)				< 0.5	1	μA
POWER SUPPLY						
Specified Voltage Range	VS		2.7		5.5	V
Operating Voltage Range				2.3to5.5		V
Quiescent Current (per amplifier)	IQ	IO = 0		585	750	μA
over Temperature					800	μA
TEMPERATURE RANGE						
Specified Range			-40		+125	°C
Operating Range			-55		+150	°C
Storage Range			-65		+150	°C
Thermal Resistance	θЈА					°C/W
SOT23-5, SOT23-6, SOT23-8				+200		°C/W
MSOP-10, SOP-8				+150		°C/W
SOP-14, TSSOP-14				+100		°C/W

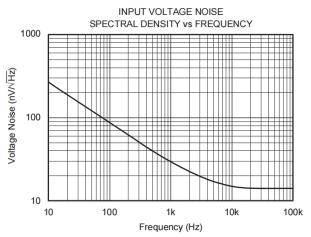


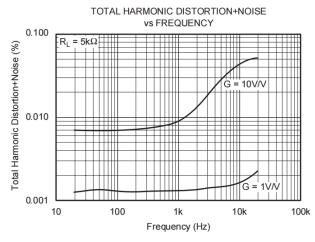
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

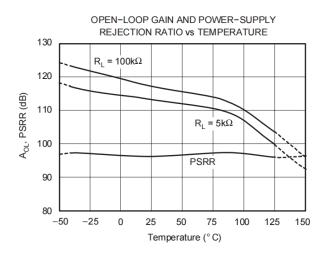
At $T_A = +25$ °C, RL = 10k Ω connected to VS/2, and VOUT = VS/2, unless otherwise noted.

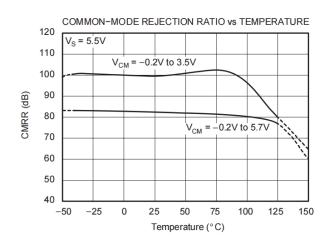




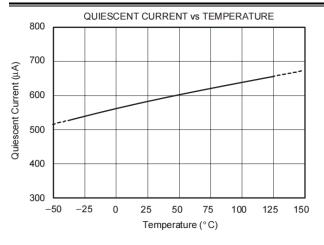


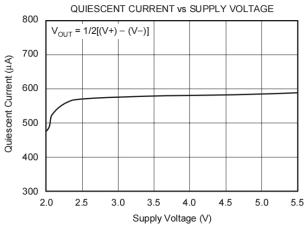


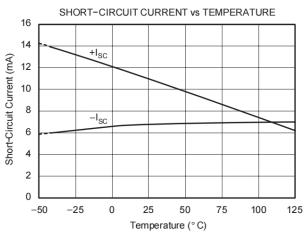


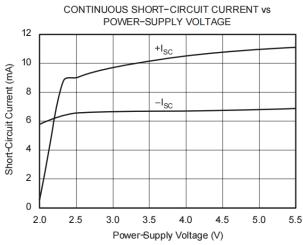


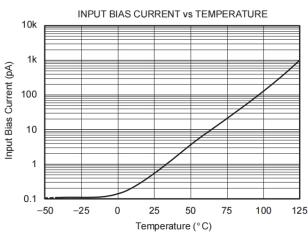
HXA373A/HXA2373 HXA373/HXA2374/HXA4374

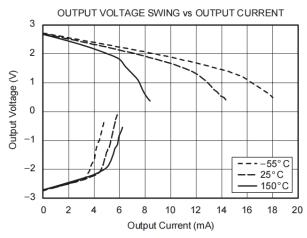




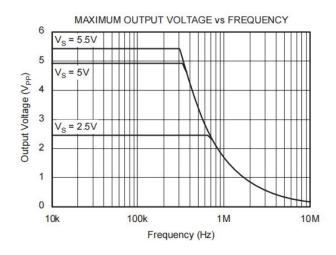


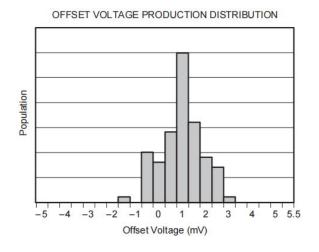


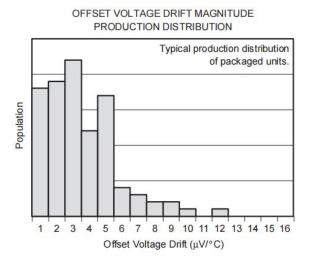


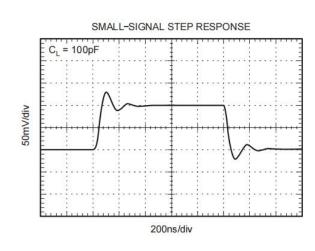


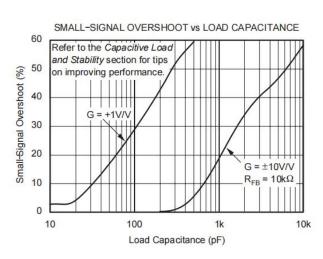


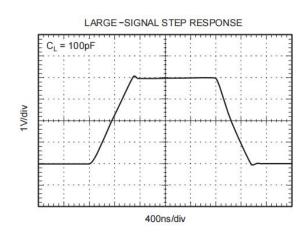


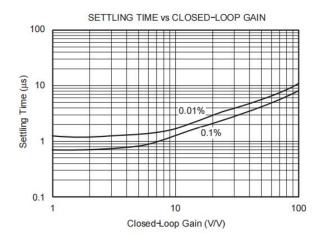


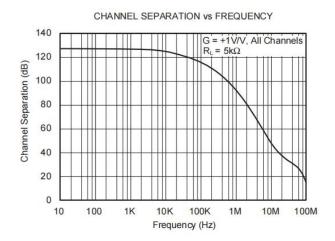












APPLICATIONS

The HXA373A and HXA373 series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. Rail-to-rail input and output make them ideal for driving sampling Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs). Excellent AC performance makes them well suited for audio applications. The class AB output stage is capable of driving $100k\Omega$ loads connected to any point between V+ and ground. The input common-mode voltage range includes both rails, allowing the HXA373A and HXA373 series op amps to be used in virtually any single-supply application up to a supply voltage of +5.5V. Rail-to-rail input and output swing significantly increases dynamic range, especially in low-supply applications.

OPERATING VOLTAGE

The HXA373A and HXA373 op amps are specified and tested over a power-supply range of $\pm 2.7V$ to $\pm 5.5V$ ($\pm 1.35V$ to $\pm 2.75V$). However, the supply voltage may range from $\pm 2.3V$ to $\pm 5.5V$ ($\pm 1.15V$ to $\pm 2.75V$). Supply voltages higher than 7.0V (absolute maximum) can permanently damage the amplifier. Parameters that vary over supply voltage or temperature are shown in the Typical Characteristics section of this data sheet.

COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE RANGE

Power-supply pins should be bypassed with 0.01µF ceramic capacitors.

The input common-mode voltage range of the HXA373A and HXA373 series extends 200mV beyond the supply rails. This is achieved with a complementary input stage—an N-channel input differential pair in parallel with a P-channel differential pair. The N-channel pair is active for input voltages close to the positive rail, typically (V+) - 1.65V to 200mV above the positive supply, while the P-channel pair is on for inputs from 200mV below the negative supply to approximately (V+) - 1.65V. There is a 500mV transition region, typically (V+) - 1.9V to (V+) - 1.4V, in which both pairs are on. This 500mV transition region, shown in Figure 1, can vary \pm 300mV with process variation. Thus, the transition region (both stages on) can range from (V+) - 2.2V to (V+) - 1.7V on the low end, up to (V+) - 1.6V to (V+) - 1.1V on the high end. Within the 500mV transition region PSRR, CMRR, offset voltage, offset drift, and THD may be degraded compared to operation outside this region.

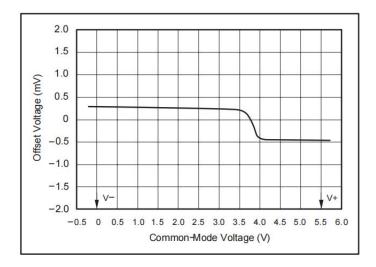


Figure 1. Behavior of Typical Transition Region at Room Temperature

RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT

The input common-mode range extends from (V-) - 0.2V to (V+) + 0.2V. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range. The absolute maximum input voltage is 500mV beyond the supplies. Inputs greater than the input common-mode range but less than the maximum input voltage, while not valid, will not cause any damage to the op amp. Unlike some other op amps, if input current is limited, the inputs may go beyond the supplies without phase inversion, as shown in Figure 2.

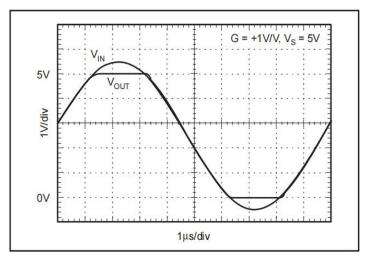


Figure 2. HXA373A: No Phase Inversion with Inputs Greater Than the Power-Supply Voltage

Normally, input bias current is approximately 500fA; however, input voltages exceeding the power supplies by more than 500mV can cause excessive current to flow in or out of the input pins. Momentary voltages greater than 500mV beyond the power supply can be tolerated if the current on the input pins is limited to 10mA. This is easily accomplished with an input resistor; see Figure 3. (Many input signals are inherently current-limited to less than 10mA, therefore, a limiting resistor is not required.)

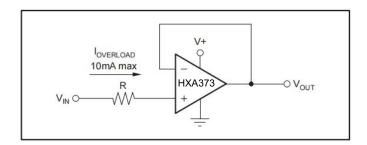


Figure 3. Input Current Protection for Voltages Exceeding the Supply Voltage

RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT

A class AB output stage with common-source transistors is used to achieve rail-to-rail output. For light resistive loads (>100k Ω), the output voltage can typically swing to within 18mV from the supply rails. With moderate resistive loads (5k Ω to 50k Ω), the output can typically swing to within 100mV from the supply rails and maintain high open-loop gain. See the Typical Characteristics curve, Output Voltage Swing vs Output Current, for more information.

CAPACITIVE LOAD AND STABILITY

HXA373A series op amps can drive a wide range of capacitive loads. However, under certain conditions, all op amps may become unstable. Op amp configuration, gain, and load value are just a few of the factors to consider when determining stability. An op amp in unity-gain configuration is the most susceptible to the effects of capacitive load. The capacitive load reacts with the op amp output resistance, along with any additional load resistance, to create a pole in the small-signal response that degrades the phase margin. The HXA373A series op amps perform well in unity-gain configuration, with a pure capacitive load up to approximately 250pF. Increased gains allow the amplifier to drive more capacitance. See the Typical Characteristics curve, Small-Signal Overshoot vs Capacitive Load, for further details.

One method of improving capacitive load drive in the unity-gain configuration is to insert a small (10Ω to 20Ω) resistor, RS, in series with the output, as shown in Figure 4. This significantly reduces ringing while maintaining DC performance for purely capacitive loads. When there is a resistive load in parallel with the capacitive load, RS must be placed within the feedback loop as shown to allow the feedback loop to compensate for the voltage divider created by RS and R_L.

In unity-gain inverter configuration, phase margin can be reduced by the reaction between the capacitance at the op amp input and the gain setting resistors, thus degrading capacitive load drive. Best performance is achieved by using small valued resistors. However, when large valued resistors cannot be avoided, a small (4pF to 6pF) capacitor, CFB, can be inserted in the feedback, as shown in Figure 5. This significantly reduces overshoot by compensating the effect of capacitance, CIN, which includes the amplifier input capacitance and PC board parasitic capacitance.

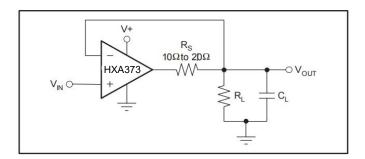


Figure 4. Series Resistor in Unity-Gain Configuration Improves Capacitive Load Drive

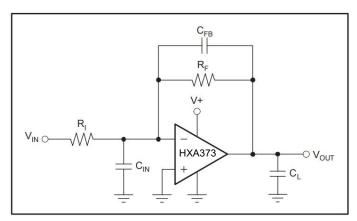


Figure 5. Improving Capacitive Load Drive

For example, when driving a 100pF load in unity-gain inverter configuration, adding a 6pF capacitor in parallel with the $10k\Omega$ feedback resistor decreases overshoot from 57% to 12%, as shown in Figure 6.

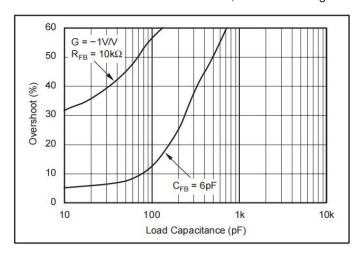


Figure 6. Improving Capacitive Load Drive



DRIVING ADCs

The HXA373A and HXA373 series op amps are optimized for driving medium-speed sampling ADCs. The HXA373A and HXA373 op amps buffer the ADC input capacitance and resulting charge injection, while providing signal gain.

The HXA373A is shown driving the ADS7816 in a basic noninverting configuration, as shown in Figure 7. The ADS7816 is a 12-bit, MicroPower sampling converter in the MSOP-8 package. When used with the low-power, miniature packages of the HXA373A, the combination is ideal for space-limited, low-power applications. In this configuration, an RC network at the ADC input can be used to provide anti-aliasing filtering.

Figure 8 shows the HXA373A driving the ADS7816 in a speech band-pass filtered data acquisition system. This

small, low-cost solution provides the necessary amplification and signal conditioning to interface directly with an electret microphone. This circuit will operate with VS = 2.7V to 5V.

The HXA373A is shown in the inverting configuration described in Figure 9. In this configuration, filtering may be accomplished with the capacitor across the feedback resistor.

ENABLE/SHUTDOWN

HXA373A and HXA373 series op amps typically require 585μA quiescent current. The enable/shutdown feature of the HXA373A allows the op amp to be shut off in order to reduce this current to less than 1μA.

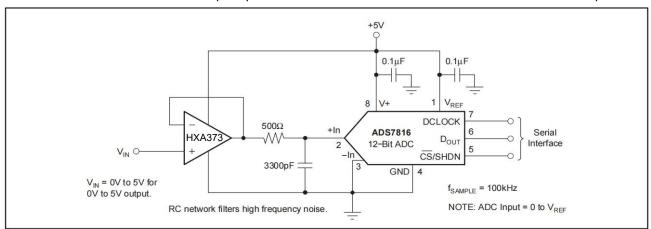


Figure 7. The HXA373A in Noninverting Configuration Driving the ADS7816

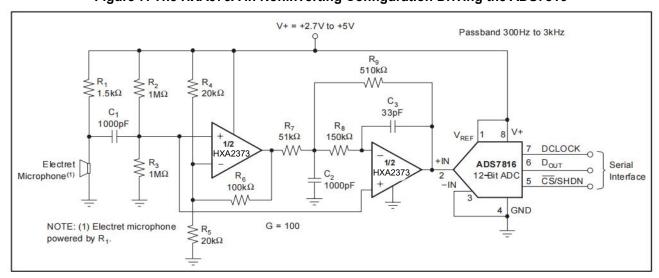


Figure 8. The HXA2373 as a Speech Bypass Filtered Data Acquisition System



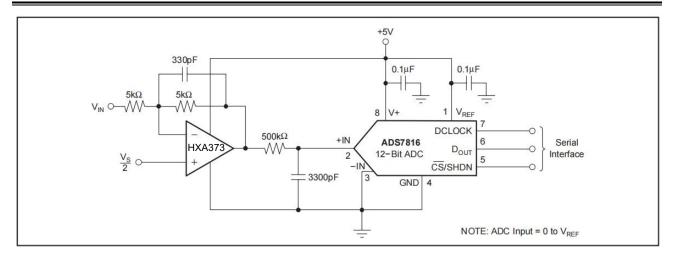


Figure 9. The HXA373A in Inverting Configuration Driving the ADS7816

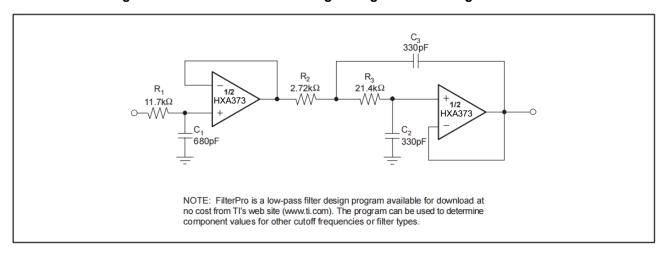
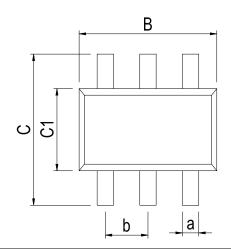


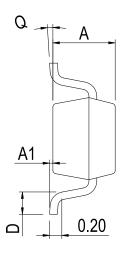
Figure 10. Three-Pole Sallen-Key Butterworth Low-Pass Filter



PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

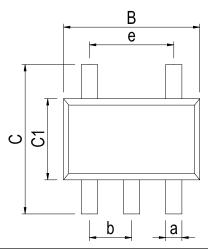
SOT-23-6

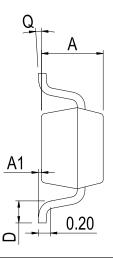




Dimensions In Millimeters(SOT23-6)									
Symbol:	А	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b
Min:	1.00	0.00	2.82	2.65	1.50	0.30	0°	0.30	0.95 BSC
Max:	1.15	0.15	3.02	2.95	1.70	0.60	8°	0.50	0.93 630

SOT-23-5

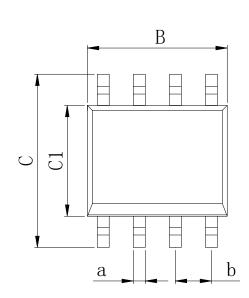


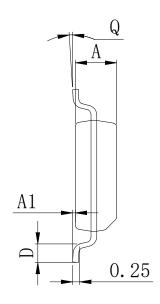


Dimensions In Millimeters(SOT-23-5)										
Symbol:	Α	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b	е
Min:	1.00	0.00	2.82	2.65	1.50	0.30	0°	0.30	0.05.000	1.90 BSC
Max:	1.15	0.15	3.02	2.95	1.70	0.60	8°	0.50	0.95 BSC	1.90 030



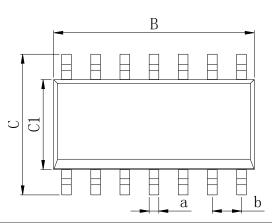
SOP-8

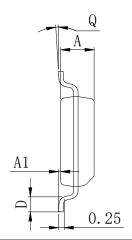




Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP-8)									
Symbol:	Α	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b
Min:	1.35	0.05	4.90	5.80	3.80	0.40	0°	0.35	1.27 BSC
Max:	1.55	0.20	5.10	6.20	4.00	0.80	8°	0.45	1.27 650

SOP-14

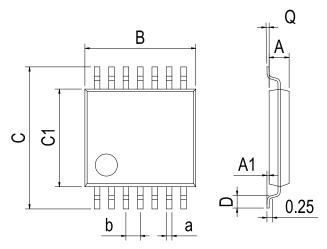




Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP-14)									
Symbol:	Α	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b
Min:	1.35	0.05	8.55	5.80	3.80	3.80 0.40 0°	0.35	4 07 000	
Max:	1.55	0.20	8.75	6.20	4.00	0.80	8°	0.45	1.27 BSC

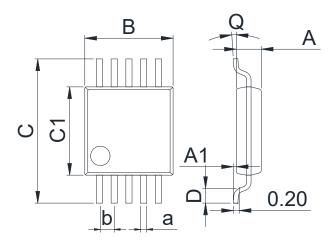


TSSOP-14



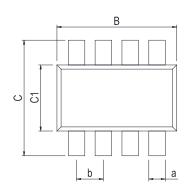
Dimensions In M	lillimeters(TSSOP-14)							
Symbol:	Α	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b
Min:	0.85	0.05	4.90	6.20	4.30	0.40	0°	0.20	0.65 BSC
Max:	0.95	0.20	5.10	6.60	4.50	0.80	8°	0.25	0.00 650

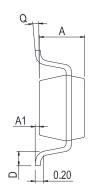
MSOP-10



Dimensions In M	lillimeters(l	MSOP-10)							
Symbol:	Α	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b
Min:	0.80	0.05	2.90	4.75	2.90	0.35	0°	0.17	0.5 BSC
Max:	0.90	0.20	3.10	5.05	3.10	0.75	8°	0.33	0.5 BSC

SOT-23-8





Dimensions In M	lillimeters(SOT-23-8)							
Symbol:	А	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b
Min:	1.05	0.00	2.82	2.65	1.50	0.30	0°	0.30	0.65 BSC
Max:	1.15	0.15	3.02	2.95	1.70	0.60	8°	0.40	0.00 BSC



REVISION HISTORY

REVISION NUMBER	DATE	REVISION	PAGE
V1.0	2018-8	New	1-21
V1.1	2023-7	Update encapsulation type、Update Lead Temperature	1、4
V1.2	2024-11	Update SOT-23-5 and SOT-23-6 Physical dimension	16



HXA373A/HXA2373 HXA373/HXA2374/HXA4374

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